

# **Hungary: Key Asylum Figures as of 1 June 2017**

## Hungarian Helsinki Committee

### How many?

Measures taken by Hungarian law enforcement authorities against irregular migrants

2017	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	Total
Blocked entries at the border fence <sup>1</sup>	1 679	2 183	647	27	395	4 931
Escorts to the external side of the border fence <sup>1</sup>	1 423	1 050	350	118	330	3 271
Irregular migrants apprehended	138	166	37	46	112	499
Total	3 240	3 399	1 034	191	837	8 701

As a result of the "8-kilometre rule" legalising push-backs, the daily limit of people admitted to enter the transit zone (5-5 persons during working days since February 2017), and the changes that entered into force on 28 March 2017<sup>1</sup> the number of registered asylum applications remains low.

	2017	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	Total
Asylum applications registered in Hungary		536	433	321	205	247	1 742

In January-May 2017, **183** asylum-seekers were **granted protection** (of which 36 were refugee and 147 were "subsidiary protection" statuses) while **2 340** applications were rejected. Recognition rate for those arriving from war-and terror-torn countries is extremely low.

Country of Origin	All in-merit decisions	Granted Protection	Refused Protection	Rate of Recognition	
Afghanistan	1095	62	1033	5,6%	
Iraq	267	15	252	5,6%	
Somalia	11	8	3	72,7%	
Syria	634	62	572	9,7%	

## From where?

In January-May 2017, the majority of asylum-seekers (**79** %) came from war- and terror-torn countries, including 16 % from Syria, 41 % from Afghanistan, 22 % from Iraq and 0,3 % from Somalia. Of all the applicants, **41** % were **children** and **33** % **women**.

#### Where are they?

Based on the information provided to the HHC by UNHCR, the Immigration and Asylum Office hosted **392** asylum-seekers in its facilities on 8 May 2017: **11** were accommodated at **open reception centres** and **135 were detained in asylum detention centres. A total of 264 people were detained in the two transit zones.** 

## **Dublin returns**

In January-May 2017, **126** asylum-seekers were **returned to Hungary** under the Dublin Regulation, primarily from Austria (79) and Germany (30).

#### Returns to Serbia

Police statistics show that in January-April 2017, only **29** irregular migrants were officially **returned to Serbia.** (Neither the refusal of the asylum applications in the transit zones, nor the "legalised" push-backs since 5 July result in such official readmissions). Of the 29 persons readmitted to Serbia, 18 were Serbian citizens. None of the returnees were Syrian, Afghan, Iraqi or Somali citizens.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For further information on the "8-kilometre rule", please see the <u>HHC's note</u>. According to the <u>changes that entered into force on 28 March 2017</u>, the so-called "8-kilometre rule" is applicable to the entire territory of Hungary when a "state of crisis due to mass migration" is in effect. The government proclaimed a nationwide "state of crisis due to mass migration" and it was in effect in April.